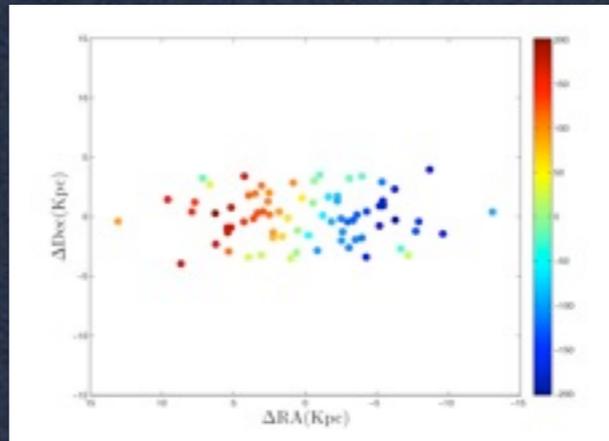


# Dynamics of Nearby (early-type) Galaxies with SITELLE



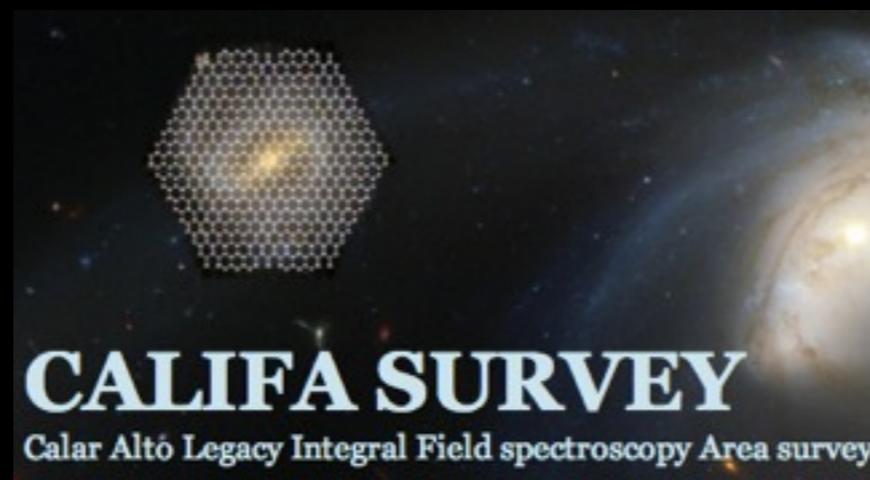
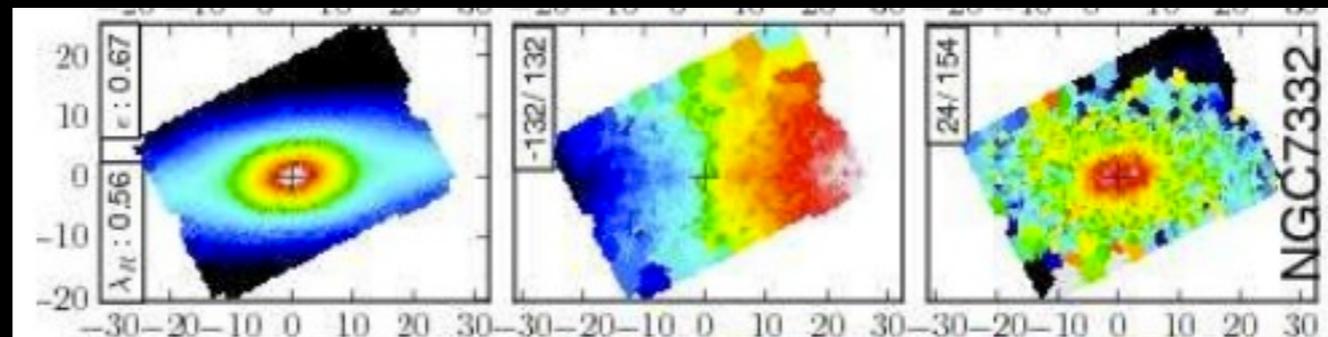
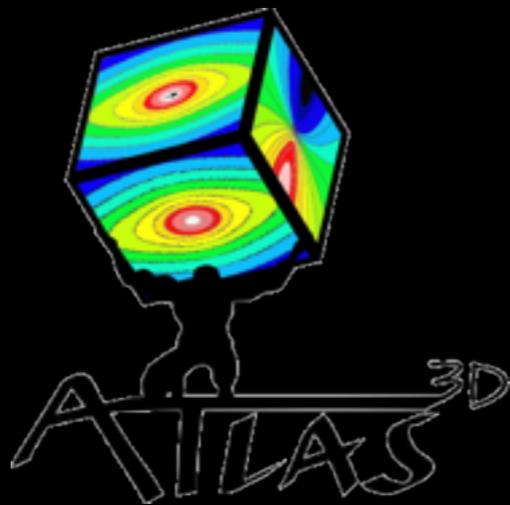
Eric Peng  
Peking University  
Kavli Institute for Astronomy and Astrophysics

# Stellar Dynamics in Early-type Galaxies

## Science Drivers

- Dark matter content and profile (ETGs have little gas at large radii)
- Assembly history through kinematics ( $V/\sigma$ , angular momentum, velocity ellipsoid, substructures)

IFU surveys of galaxies (SAURON/ATLAS3D, CALIFA, MaNGA)



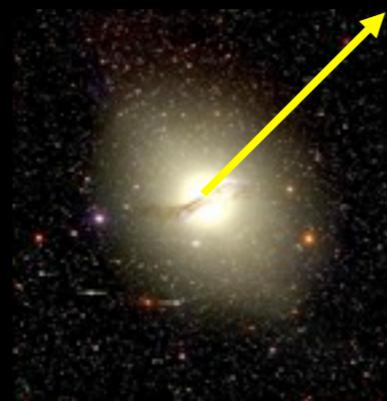
# Stellar Dynamics in Early-type Galaxies

## Pushing to Large Radius: The Dynamics of Stellar Halos

- Outer regions have high M/L
- Long dynamical times preserve signatures of evolution (mergers, accretion)

Integrated light techniques have a very hard time beyond 3-4  $R_e$

- Surface brightness falls off rapidly (well below sky level)
- Areal coverage becomes too big for traditional IFUs



25kpc = 5  $r_e$

# Stellar Dynamics in Early-type Galaxies

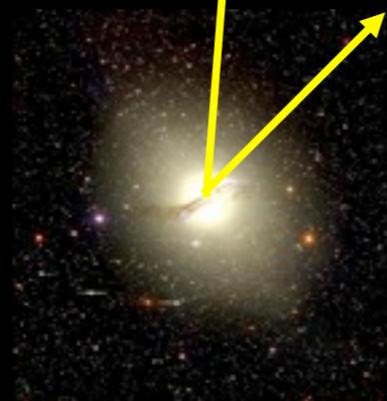
## Pushing to Large Radius: The Dynamics of Stellar Halos

- Outer regions have high M/L
- Long dynamical times preserve signatures of evolution (mergers, accretion)

Integrated light techniques have a very hard time beyond 3-4  $R_e$

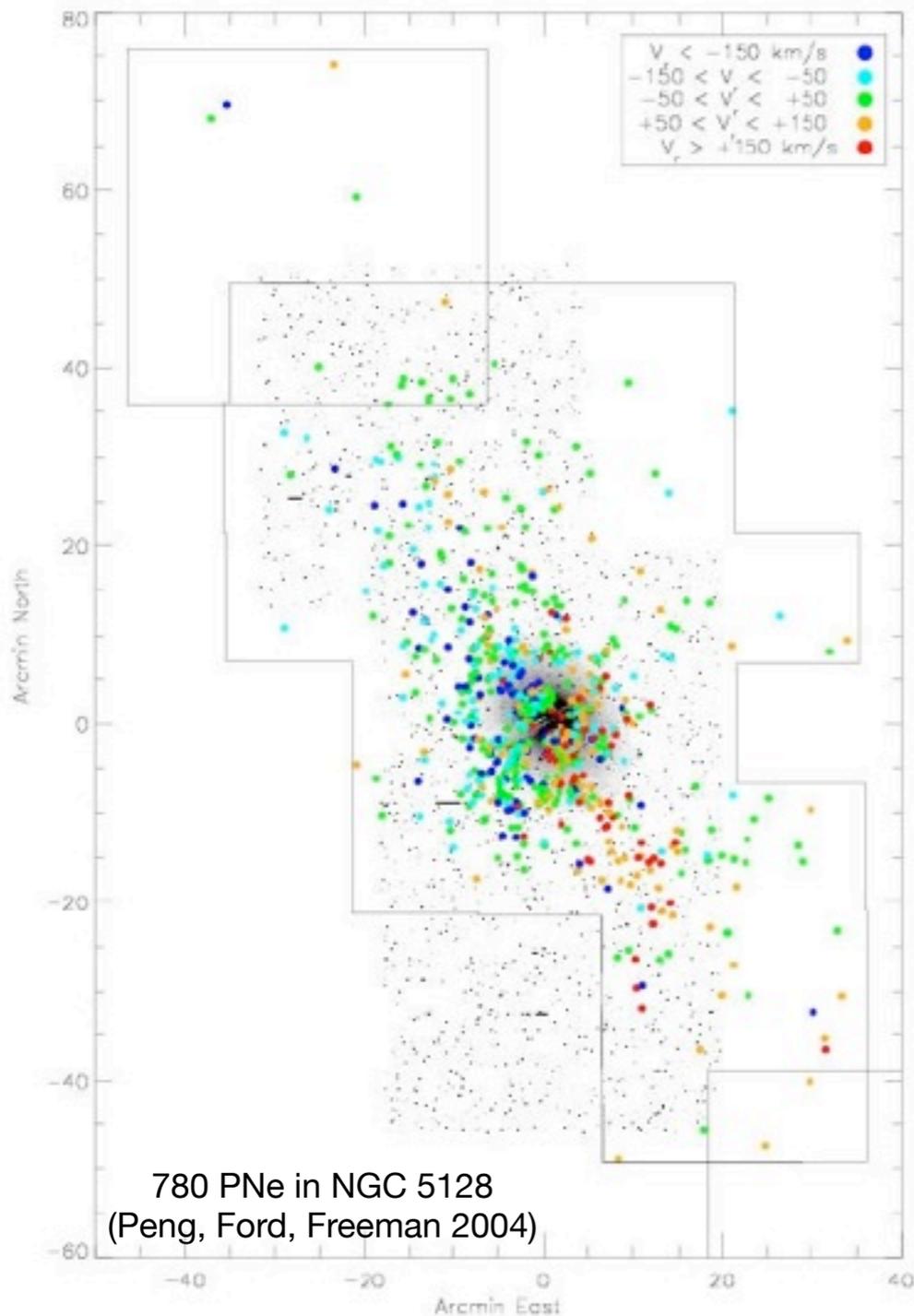
- Surface brightness falls off rapidly (well below sky level)
- Areal coverage becomes too big for traditional IFUs

100 kpc = 18  $r_e$



25kpc = 5  $r_e$

# Planetary Nebulae and Globular Clusters



563 GCs in NGC 5128 (Woodley+10)

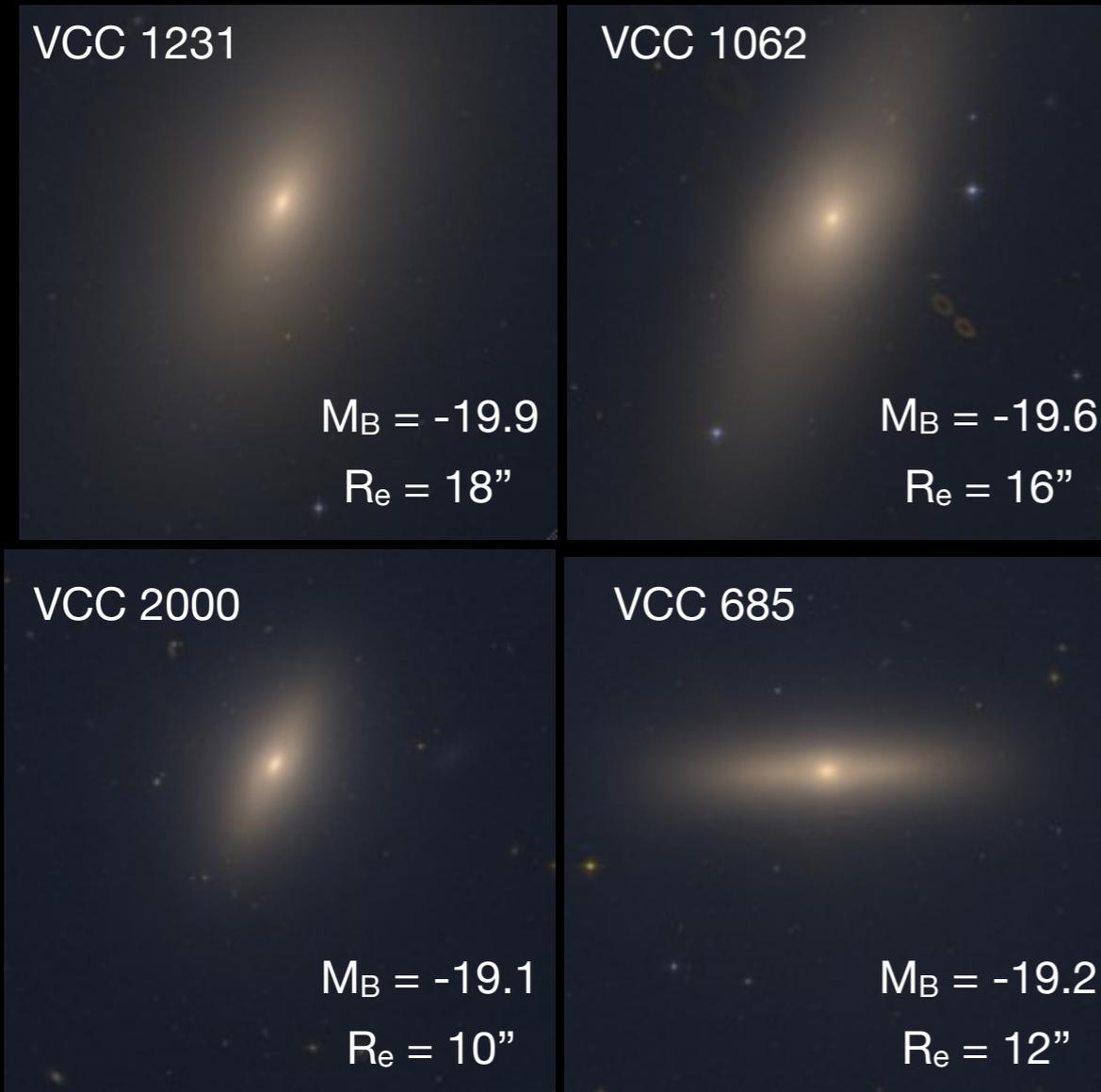


- emission lines
- $\sim 5$  km/s velocity resolution
- they are stars
- no confusion with foreground

- stellar population information
- probe of **different** formation conditions, accretion history
- Only “standard” imaging necessary

Roughly equal numbers of PNe and GCs accessible in each galaxy with similar aperture telescopes. Obviously, do both.

# A Gemini/GMOS study of GCs in four intermediate luminosity early-type galaxies



← 200'' = 16 kpc →

Li, Peng+ in prep

- Galaxy sample sub- $L^*$
- Based on excellent GC selection from ACS Virgo Cluster Survey
- 3 masks per galaxy to overcome slit crowding (except for VCC 685)
  - ★ VCC 1231 / N4473: 52 GCs
  - ★ VCC 1062 / N4442: 36 GCs
  - ★ VCC 2000 / N4660: 44 GCs
  - ★ VCC 685 / N4350: 17 GCs (1 mask)
- Goals: GC kinematics, dark matter

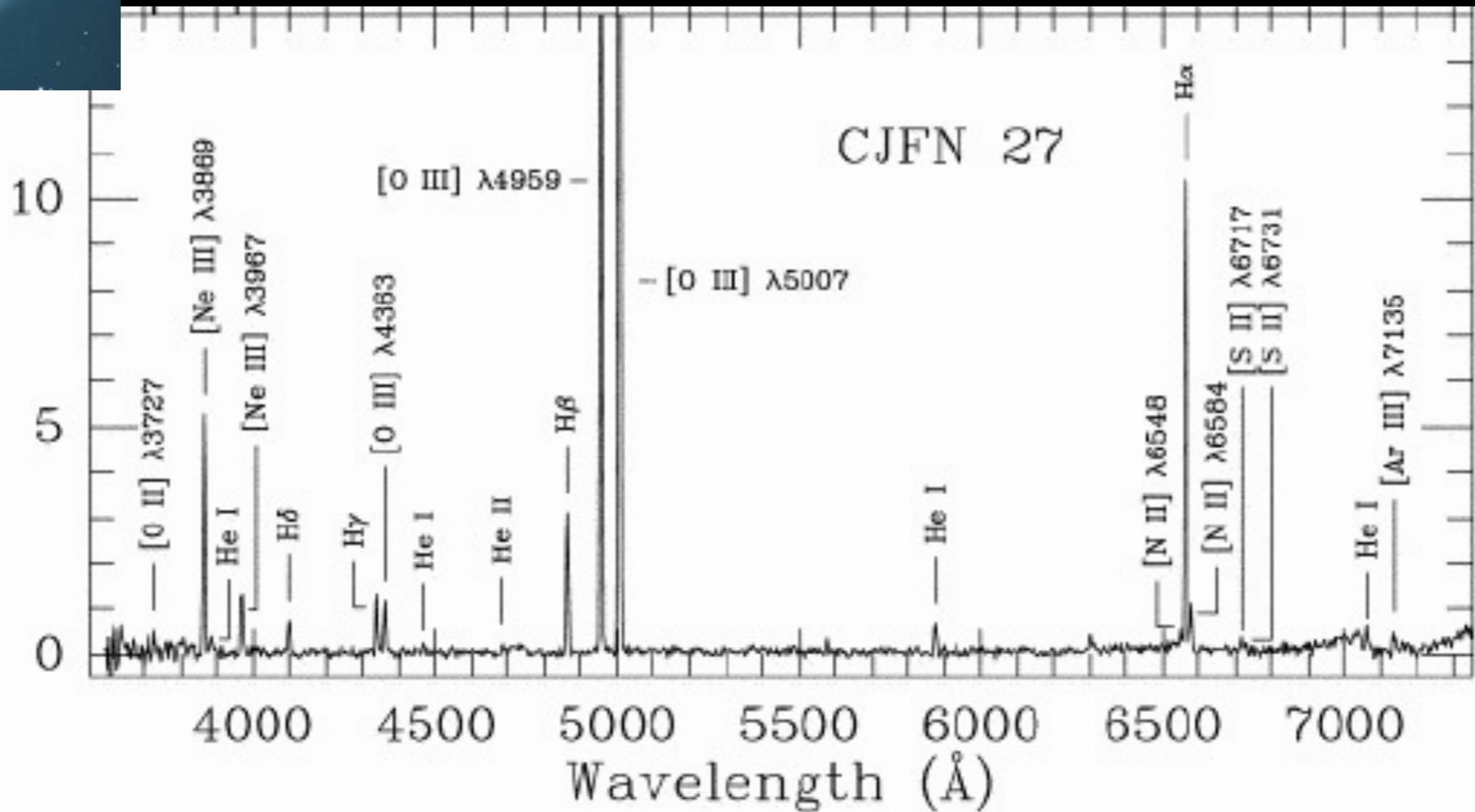


Biao Li (PKU)

Biao Li (PKU), Andrés Jordán, Gelys Trancho, Dean McLaughlin, Marianne Takamiya, Patrick Côté, Laura Ferrarese, Thomas Puzia, et al.

# Galaxy Dynamics with SITELLE: Planetary Nebulae

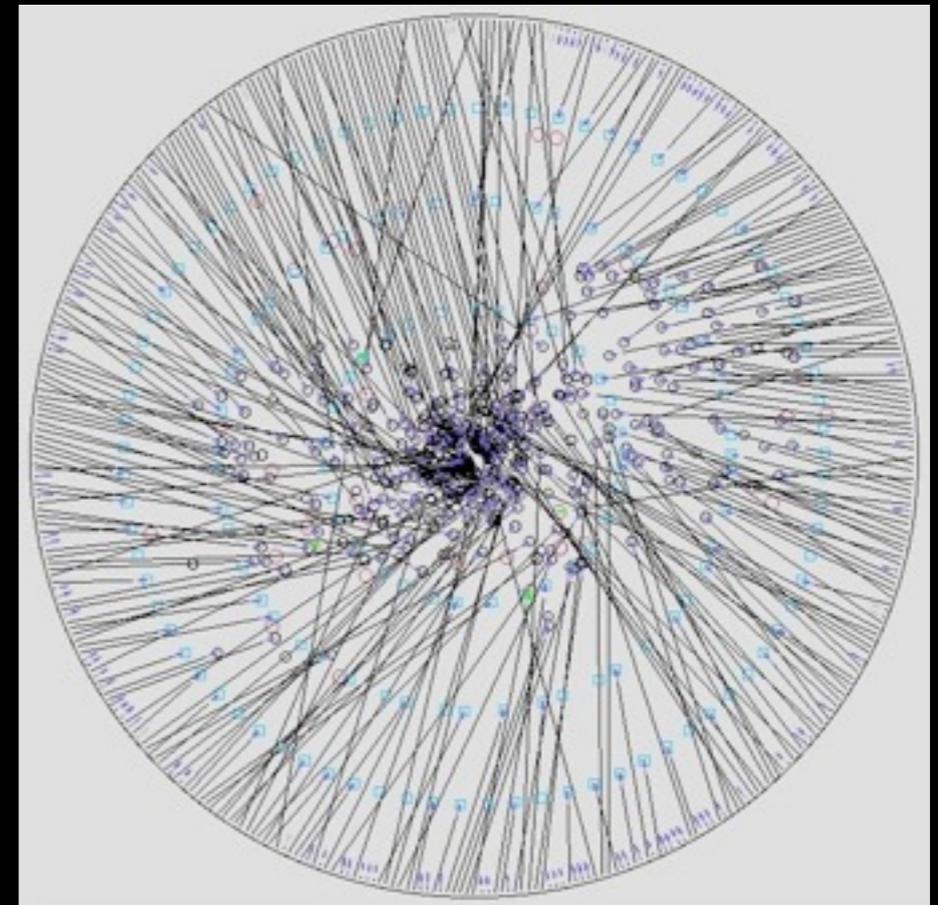
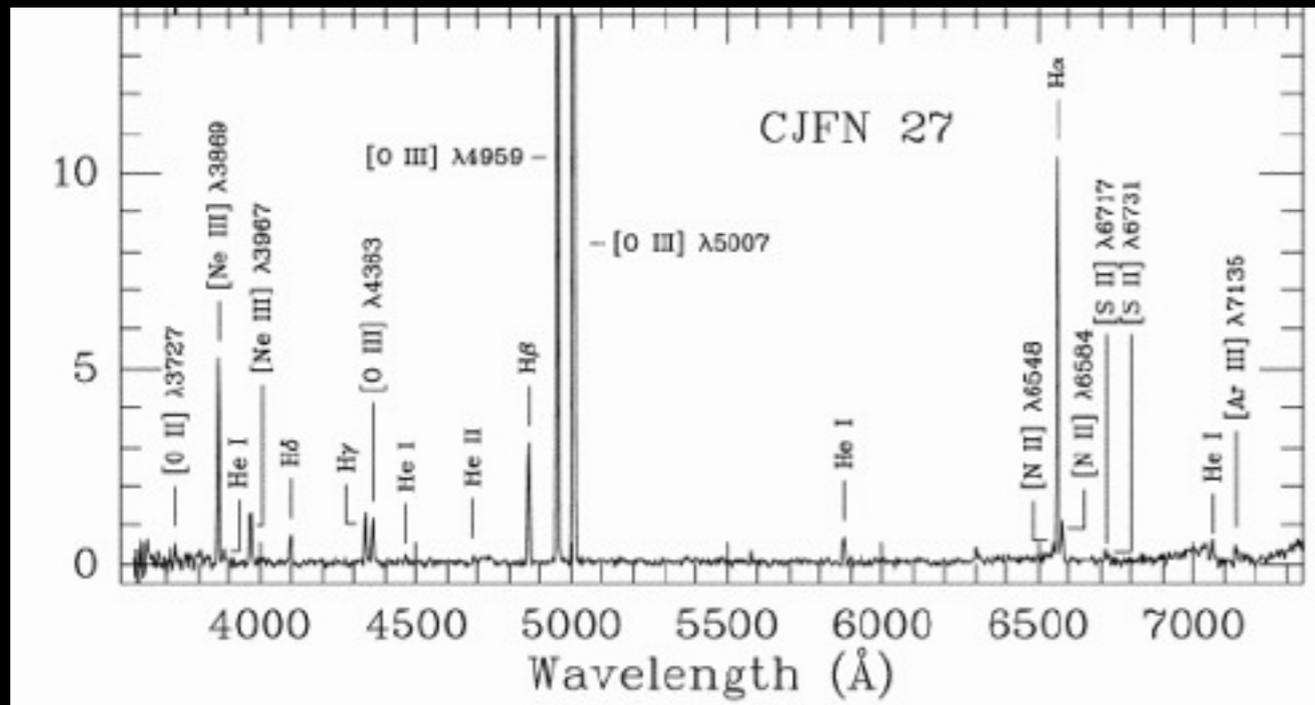
~15% of flux is in [OIII]5007 emission line.



~ $10^4 L_{\text{sun}}$  in a single emission line with 0.5Å FWHM!  
Typical fluxes in nearby galaxies of  $10^{-17}$  erg/s/cm $^2$

# Galaxy Dynamics with SITELLE: Planetary Nebulae

Traditionally, doing PNe kinematics is a two-step process:  
narrowband imaging + multi-object spectroscopy

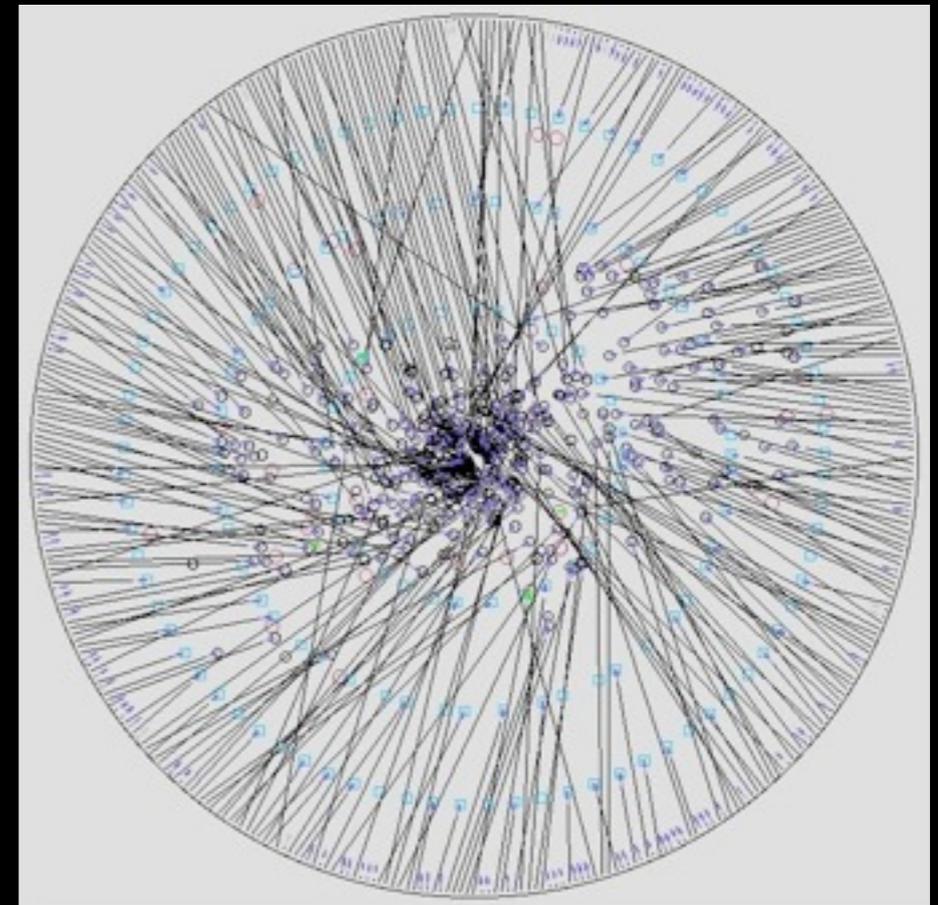
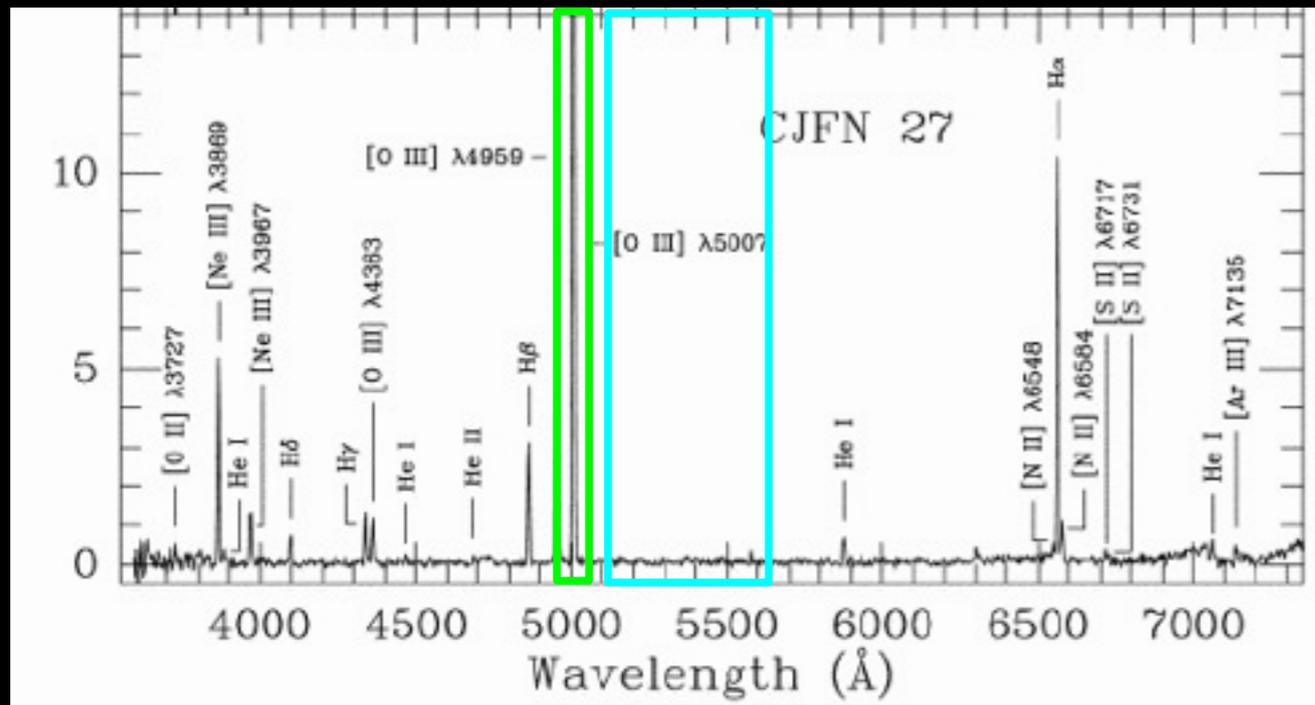


Time-consuming and logistically problematic

SITELLE enables detection and velocity measurement in single observation

# Galaxy Dynamics with SITELLE: Planetary Nebulae

Traditionally, doing PNe kinematics is a two-step process:  
narrowband imaging + multi-object spectroscopy



Time-consuming and logistically problematic

SITELLE enables detection and velocity measurement in single observation

# Galaxy Dynamics with SITELLE: Planetary Nebulae



- PNe have expansion velocities of 20-30 km/s
- With  $R \sim 10,000$ , can obtain velocities accurate to  $\sim 3$  km/s, an order of mag better than most previous surveys
- Expansion velocities - AGB phase
- Single bright emission line - fairly narrow bandpass filter ( $\sim 30-70\text{\AA}$ ) to eliminate sky
- Hundreds of PNe over the  $11'$  FOV, which is well-suited to nearby galaxies

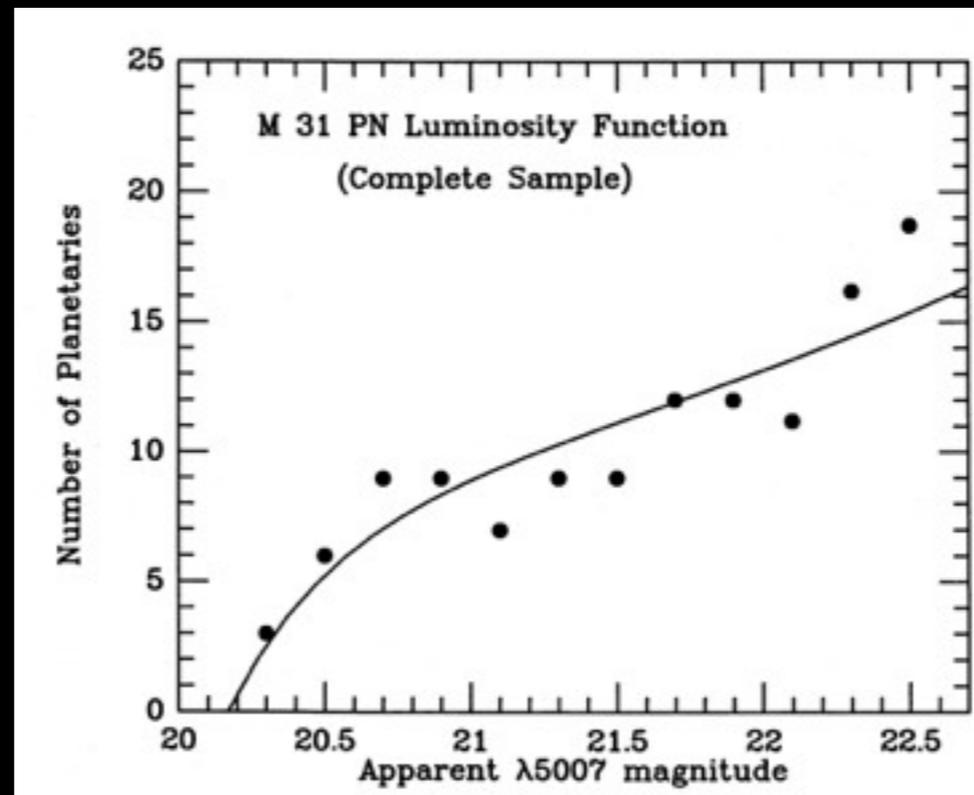
Main contamination: Lyman-alpha galaxies at  $z \sim 3$   
 $R \sim 10,000$  with adequate S/N easily resolves the Ly-a line (100-200 km/s)



# Galaxy Dynamics with SITELLE: Planetary Nebulae



- $m(5007) = -2.5 \cdot \log(F(5007)) - 13.74$
- $M^* = -4.51$  (bright end cutoff of PNLF)
- $F(5007)_{M31,+2.5} \sim 3 \times 10^{-15} \text{ erg/s/cm}^2$
- $F(5007)_{\text{Virgo},+2.5} \sim 7 \times 10^{-18} \text{ erg/s/cm}^2$
- $F(5007)_{\text{Coma},+2.5} \sim 2 \times 10^{-19} \text{ erg/s/cm}^2$



Ciardullo et al.

At Virgo distance:  
11 photons/minute  
at CFHT

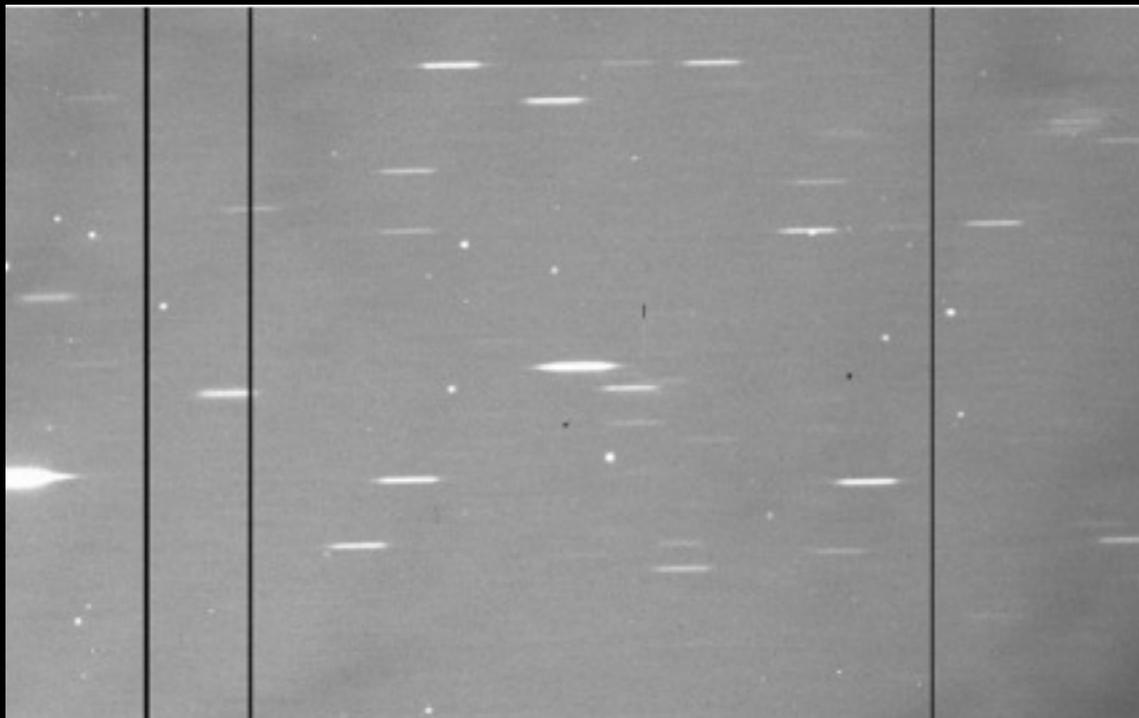
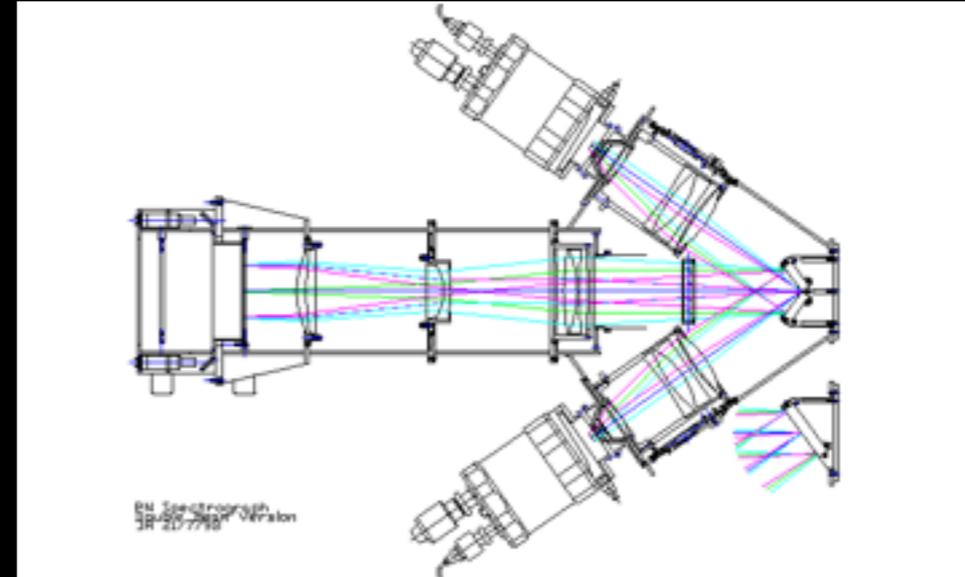
We will probably  
not detect PNe in  
single steps of a  
scan...

# The Competition: VLT/FLAMES



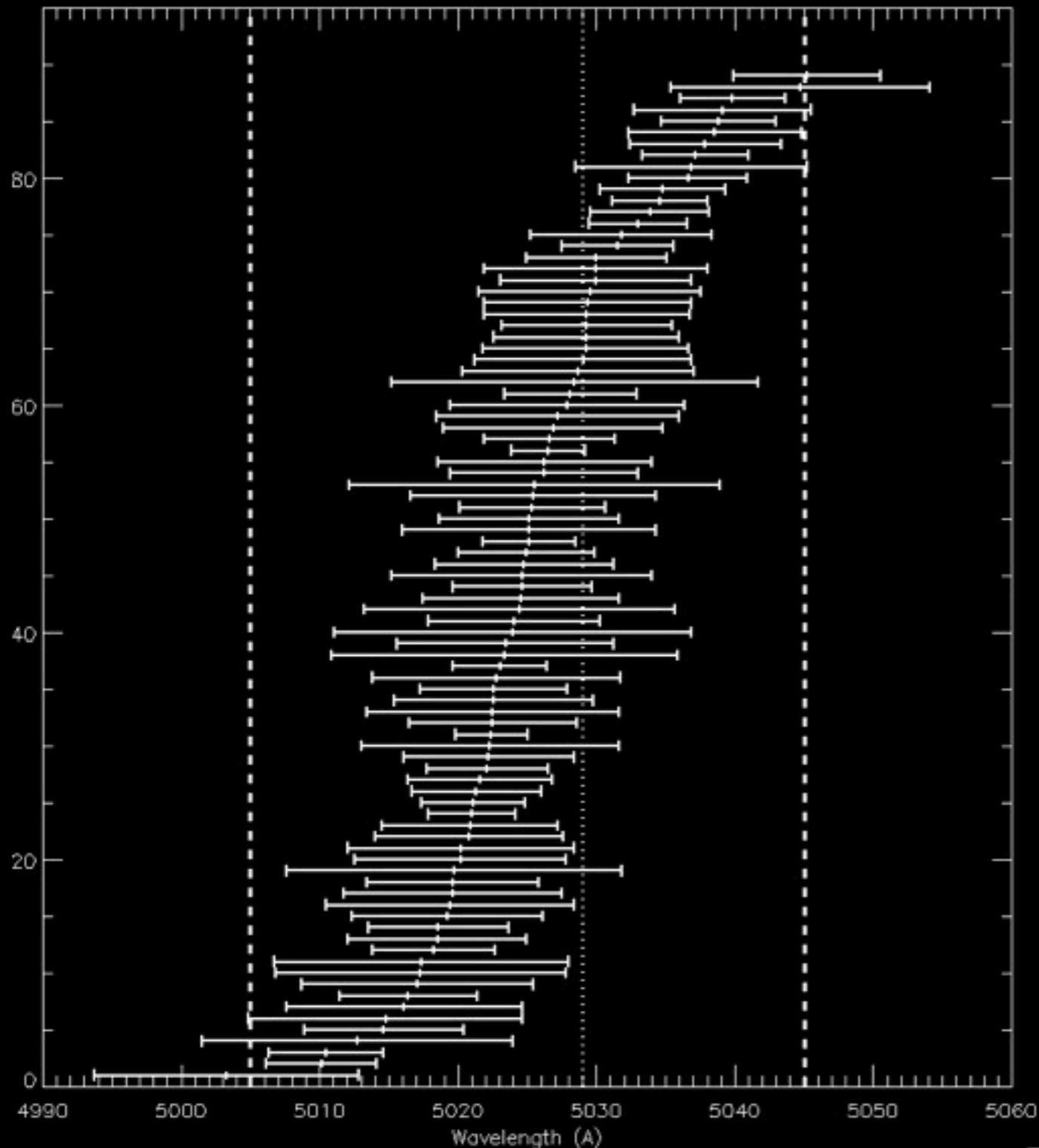
- Multifiber spectrograph (130 fibers)
- FOV ~ 25' diameter
- $R \sim 25,000$
- Still requires prior imaging for targets
- SITELLE's advantages: image quality, throughput, single observing detection
- CFHT/SITELLE could be competitive with VLT/FLAMES

# The Competition: The PN Spectrograph



- Counter-dispersed imaging, 11' FOV
- Slitless spectroscopy also enables identification and velocity in one observation
- Already surveyed ~30 galaxies at WHT 4.2m
- SITELE's advantages: image quality at CFHT (0.7" vs 1.8"), throughput, spectral resolution

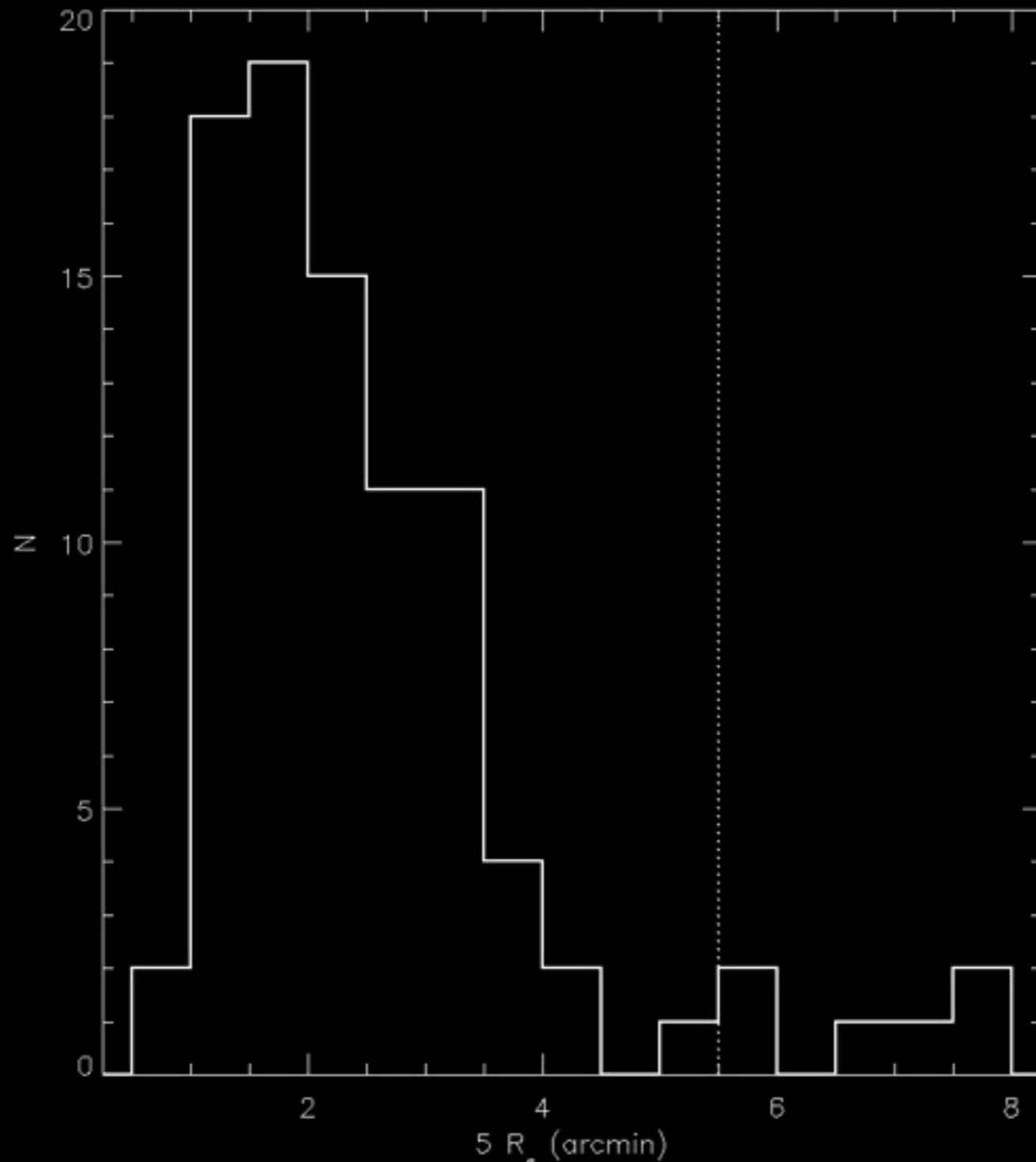
# Galaxy Dynamics with SITELLE: Planetary Nebulae



## Filter considerations

- 89 ATLAS3D early-type galaxies within 20 Mpc
- SITELLE bandpass filter: narrow as possible while including as many galaxies as possible
- ~5005Å-5045Å (40Å) enables observations of most galaxies within 20 Mpc
- SITELLE FOV well-matched

# Galaxy Dynamics with SITELLE: Planetary Nebulae



## Filter considerations

- 89 ATLAS3D early-type galaxies within 20 Mpc
- SITELLE bandpass filter: narrow as possible while including as many galaxies as possible
- ~5005Å-5045Å (40Å) enables observations of most galaxies within 20 Mpc
- SITELLE FOV well-matched

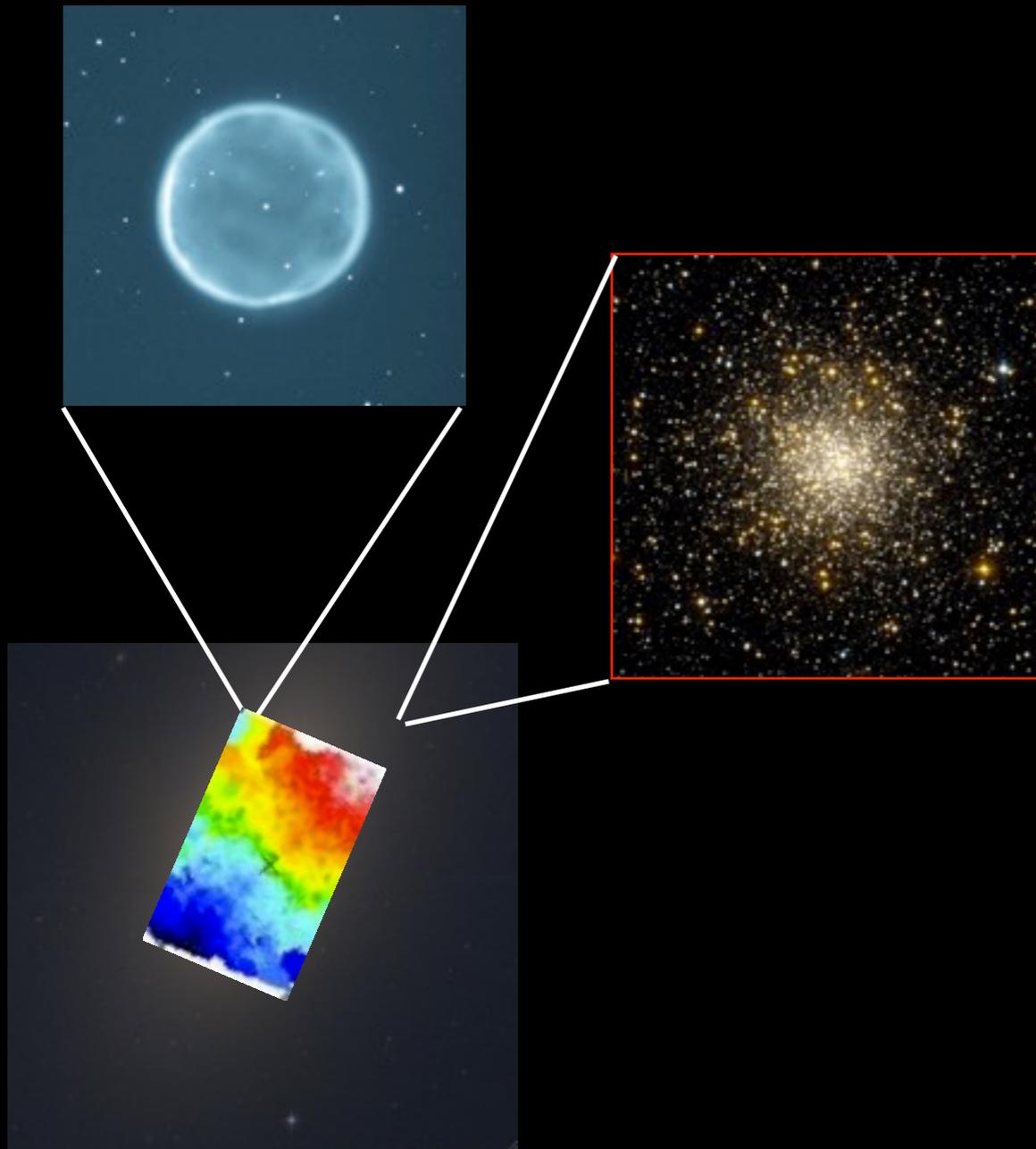
# Galaxy Dynamics with SITELLE: The Dream



- GCs are complementary tracers
- Which wavelength region?
- H-beta, Mgb, H-alpha, CaT
- At Virgo distance  $19 < V < 24$
  
- Integrated light kinematics
- Which wavelength region?
- H-beta, Mgb, H-alpha, CaT
- How to measure LOSVD?

Integrated light + Planetary Nebulae + Globular Clusters =  
The most comprehensive and homogeneous survey of early-type galaxy kinematics  
(see talks by Martin Bureau and Pat Côté)

# Galaxy Dynamics with SITELLE: The Dream



- GCs are complementary tracers
- Which wavelength region?
- H-beta, Mgb, H-alpha, CaT
- At Virgo distance  $19 < V < 24$
  
- Integrated light kinematics
- Which wavelength region?
- H-beta, Mgb, H-alpha, CaT
- How to measure LOSVD?

Integrated light + Planetary Nebulae + Globular Clusters =  
The most comprehensive and homogeneous survey of early-type galaxy kinematics  
(see talks by Martin Bureau and Pat Côté)